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Self-assembled peptide dendrigraft supraparticles with potential application in pH/enzyme-triggered multistage drug release

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#### **INTRODUCTION:**

Small-sized nanoparticles (5-10 nm) have a great capacity for tumor penetration but exhibit fast systemic clearance. Instead, larger nanoparticles (100-200 nm) present longer circulation times, achieving better accumulation in tumor environments but inefficient penetration. To surmount this paradox, multistage delivery systems with size reduction capacity have emerged in recent years.

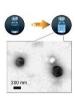
#### PROPOSAL:

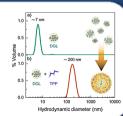
Here we presented a simple and fast supramolecular approach to construct size-shrinkable supraparticles (SPs) by ionic cross-linking of biodegradable poly-L-lysine dendrigraft (DGL) with tripolyphosphate anion (TPP).

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#### Preparation and characterization of SPs



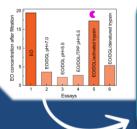




## Loading Efficiency Inter Carps at pier? OR Load Carps (th) MA Load Carps (th) MA

#### Triggered payload release by trypsin

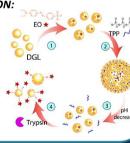
After pH-triggered disassembly, the cargo trapped in dendrimers can be released by action of **trypsin enzyme**, a protease **overexpressed in tumor tissues** 



# pH-triggered size switching of SPs The state of the stat

#### **CONCLUSION:**

SPs could be exploited as multistage nanocarriers in pH/enzymetriggered drug releasing system







#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**







#### REFERENCE

ML Agazzi et al. Colloids Surf. B, 110895, 2020.

